#### ML based Anomaly Detection at the LHC

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U Chicago Rising Stars Symposium September 2021

## Lots of Questions

#### What is Dark Matter?



#### Why is the Higgs so light?





#### No clear answers from the LHC yet







#### But...







## **The Challenge**

• How can we design searches with minimal assumptions but still have powerful sensitivity?

New ideas in ML are enabling totally new search strategies!

#### **Key Idea: Train directly on data!**

## **Classification Without Labels**

Metodiev, Nachman & Thaler 1708.02949



## **CWoLa Hunting**



- Signal region = dijet mass window
- Train a classifier on signal region vs. others
- Select events & bump hunt



## **Anomaly Detection : Autoencoders**





- Train a network to compress and decompress the data
- Can train directly on data, no labels needed
- Anomalous events should have a higher reconstruction loss

Heimel, Kasieczka, Plehn & Thompson 1808.08992 Farina, Nakai & Shih 1808.08979 + Others

## Drawbacks

- CWoLa Hunting
  - Worry about sculpting QCD dijet mass distribution
  - Apply to non-resonant signals?

- Autoencoders
  - Only 'learns' what QCD looks like
  - Room for improvement as a Sig vs. Bkg classifier

# Tag N' Train (TNT)

- A method of training improved classifiers on data
- Assumptions:
  - Signal has 2 interesting objects in it
  - One has a **starting classifier** for each object
  - Signal-like features in background events are uncorrelated between the 2 objects

Tag with a weak classifier N' Train a better one!

















# **Dijet Anomaly Search**

#### **Applying TNT to a Resonance Search**



#### **Applying TNT to a Resonance Search**



## **Classification Performance**



- CWoLa based methods approach supervised case when lots of signal
- Autoencoders performance independent of signal
- TNT matches CWoLa hunting high/medium signal, better at low signal

# In Action: LHC Olympics 2020

- A competition to test out these new anomaly detection methods
- Blackboxes with:
  - 1M events, R=1 jet pt > 1.2 TeV trigger
  - 4 vectors of all reconstructed particles
  - Mostly background + some hidden new physics (?)



arXiv:2101.08320

## **LHC Olympics Results**



• TNT found a resonance at ~3800 GeV with  $4\sigma$  evidence

## **LHC Olympics Results**



- TNT found a resonance at ~3800 GeV with  $4\sigma$  evidence
- One of the few groups able to find the signal!



#### Many Challenges in Applying to Real Data!

#### Ensure no mass sculpting



Don't "discover" a detector glitch!





#### **Results on Data**

#### ATLAS: 2005.02983



CMS



# Just the Beginning...

- New techniques!
  - New ideas innovations from the ML side
  - Hybrid approaches with traditional searches
- New Searches!
  - Other anomalies besides jets with substructure
  - Non-resonant searches
- Do it fast!
  - Incorporate these ideas into triggers
  - Recently announced Anomaly Detection at 40 MHz challenge!

#### **Current LHC Analysis Group Organization**



From 2101:08320

### In 10 Years?



## Backup

## **Dijet Mass Sculpting**



No sculpting of dijet mass!

- Decorrelation methods also possible with TNT
  - p<sub>⊤</sub> reweighting tried,
     found no difference

## **TNT Technical Details**

- 2 objects: heavy jet and light jet in event
- TNT Classifiers and autoencoders are CNN's based on jet images
- Top 20% 'sig-like', bottom 40% 'background-like'
  - Optional: require signal events in dijet mass window
- Combine 2 classifiers into 1
  - Require both jet's scores be in top X% of scores

# Trade Offs\*

(V)AE's	CWoLa Hunting	TNT 🔨
<ul> <li>+ Performance indep. of amount of signal</li> <li>+ Minimal assumptions</li> <li>- Inherently 'anti-QCD' rather than a 'pro-signal'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>+ Great performance for large to medium signals</li> <li>+ Can do full-event classification</li> <li>- Assumption: resonant signal</li> <li>- Must fully decorrelate features with M<sub>jj</sub></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>+ Great performance for medium/large signals and maintains performance for smaller signals</li> <li>+ Mass sculpting mitigation possible</li> <li>- Requires a starting classifier</li> <li>- Assumption: Signal has 2 interesting objects</li> </ul>
interesting techniques with		

different trade offs too

0-0

## **Assumption: Correlations**



- Key assumption: Anomalous features of background events are uncorrelated
- Empirically (?) seems to hold