



Radio Neutrino Observatory - Greenland



Hardware Overview of the Radio Neutrino Observatory in Greenland

ARENA – 2024

Ryan Krebs on behalf of the RNO-G Collaboration



Design Targets

- Independent & Autonomous Stations
- Low Power
- Renewable Energy
- Complementary Surface and Deep Components





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- Amplifiers
- Digitizer
- Trigger
- Power



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Amplifiers



- Deep Channels (V-Pol and H-Pol Antennas) (~0.24W/ch)
 - In-Ice Gain and Low-Power Unit (IGLU)
 - Front end on antennas. Amplifies signals and converts to RFoF
 - Downhole Receiver and Amplifier Board (DRAB)
 - Converts RFoF backs to electrical and amplifies further
- Surface Channels (LPDA) (~0.22W/ch)
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Power

- Target Uptime ~80% (~28W station power)
 - 2x ~120 Watt Solar Panels ~50-60% Uptime
 - Experimental Wind Turbines
- Maintenance and access
 - Movable Power Box Tidy Power
 - Stackable Towers









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Digitizer

- Radio Digitizer and Auxillary Neutrino Trigger (RADIANT)
 - 24 channels digitized using LAB4D ASICs (arXiv:1803.04600)
 - 2048 Sample Buffer Length
 - Sampling Rate of 3.2 GHz (2.4GHz)
 - ASICs integrated with breakout CPLDs and Artix 7 FPGA
 - Capable of in-situ timing and voltage calibration¹
 - Diode-Based Power "Integration" Trigger
- Supplementary Triggers
 - Upward looking surface (using LPDAs) trigger for cosmic ray science², cosmic ray veto, noise analysis³, and solar flares⁴
 - Downward looking surface trigger to supplement the lowthreshold triggers
- Recent Firmware Upgrades
 - Sampling rate optimization from 3.2 GHz to 2.4 GHz
 - Adjustable Readout Windows



- ¹ Philipp Windischhofer's Talk
- ² Anna Nelles' Talk
- ³ Jethro Stoffels' Talk
- ⁴ Dave Besson's Talk



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- Cosmic Ray "Veto" Trigger Eliminates Signature from Deep Channels
 - All 24 Channels are Read Simultaneously
 - Limited buffer length 640 ns (@3.2GHz)
 - Signal propagation through ice and cable delay deep signals past the readout window





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CR

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(Pyras et al. - arXiv:2307.04736)

CR t surface DAQ -100 m 17 (See Anna Nelles' Talk)

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(See Anna Nelles' Talk)



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CR



Station Upgrades and RADIANT Testing

- 2024 Season we will be refurbishing current 7 DAQ's
 - Revamped calibration pulser and external power box
 - Upgrades to RADIANT V3
 - Power rail stability
 - Increased splitter fraction for surface trigger path
 - Months of quality control, testing, and validation to ensure these perform well and last!



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- Power
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Low-Threshold Trigger

- Flexible Octal Waveform Recorder (FLOWER)
 - 2x HMCAD 1511 Streaming Digitizers to a Cyclone V FPGA
 - Configured as 472 MHz sampling rate on the 4 lowest V-Pol Antennas (AKA Phased Array)
- Triggers
 - + 2021-2024: Hi-Low Coincidence Trigger 2.4 σ
 - 2024+: Fully Phased Power Threshold Trigger -> 2σ ?







Phased Array Trigger

- Integrated Power Threshold Trigger on Beamformed Waveforms
- 8 beams equally spaced between elevation angles of [-60°,60°]
- 4x linearly interpolation to form beams constrained by sampling rate





Phased Array Trigger Lab Testing



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Phased Array Trigger Lab Testing

- Trigger Efficiency Scans
 - Emulated the signal chain using amplifier noise and a fast pulse through a high pass filter
 - Set thresholds to match field trigger rate of 1Hz
 - Compare current high-low threshold trigger to a new phased array trigger





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Future Work

- Rollout of Phased Array Trigger w/ In-Situ Testing
- Deep Learning Trigger (Coleman et al. PoS(ICRC2023)1100)
- Full fiber stations to reduce time delay between deep and surface channels
- Decentralized DAQ move a source of RF noise away from the antennas
- Dual RX/TX IGLU amplifiers transform every antenna to a calibration source
- Calibration Tower For Pulsing to Many Stations
- New DAQ designs using new ASICs or streaming digitizers (see Stephanie Wissel's Gen-2 Talk)







Conclusions

- Robust and maturing design, learning from currently deployed stations
- Low-power RF systems and modular power pushing to increase live-time
- Extensively tested RF and DAQ systems to better constrain systematics
- Firmware upgrades to better understand cosmic rays in our detector and to improve neutrino sensitivity



Backup Slides

Communications

- LoRaWAN
 - Lower-level housekeeping + low power station control
- Local LTE Network
 - For full station I/O and data collection
- Satellite Link
 - Fractional data transfer for monitoring and future multi-messenger work



2021 LTE Survey (iperf)





Antennas

- Vertically Polarized Antennas (Dipole)
- Horizontally Polarized Antennas (Quad Slot)
- Surface Antennas (LPDA







Preliminary



Antennas

- Vertically Polarized Antennas (Fat Dipole)
- Horizontally Polarized Antennas (Quad Slot)
- Surface Antennas (LPDA)







In-Situ Digitizer Delays

- When triggering on a calibration pulser on a helper string, the deep power string antennas are late.
- By applying readout delays they now show up in the readout window!

